WASHINGTON.

Roderick Random's Case, Washington, Sept. 12.—The case against Roderick R. Butler, for defraud-ing the Pension Bureau, though dismissed in Tennessee, is still pending against him here. The pension officer is confident of convicting him when he makes his appearance, which will be about November

The only official dispatch recently sent abroad relating to the war was Friday, when the President was in Washington, addressed to Minister Bancroft, but copies. of which were also transmitted to him, while we cannot act in connection with other nations, yet if our good officers should be requested with the belligerents, we should be happy to extend them with a view of bringing about a peace between traditional friendship.

Our Government will scrupulously ab-stain from interfering with the affairs of foreign nations, if for no other reason than because it would set an example and afford a pretext for foreign governments hereafter to interfere with our own. Hence it expresses no opinion as to the The telegram to Bancroft was worded

cautiously, so as not to give any ground for doubt as to our actual position of carefully abstaining from foreign alliances. ways ready to exercise the offices of friendship, they shall be specifically received by | mounted. the nations at war.

Diplomatic representatives of Spain, Chili, Peru and Ecuador are now here, and an early settlement of formal terms of peace between these countries is expected. There is a great demand, especially

from the South and West, for legal tender notes of the smaller denominations, and to supply the demand the Bureau of Engraving and Printing is making extensive arrangements for doing the work. The one-thousand dollar notes which completes the series, will be turned over to the United States Treasury this week. No Fever at New Orleans.

Washington, Sept. 12.—Congressman Sheldon, who arrived to-day from New Orleans the 8th, contradicts the vellow fever statements concerning that city, saying a few sporadie cases only existed, ago, there having previously been not more than five or six.

The Census Bureau has not yet received full returns from any larger cities, but expects to receive some during the week. Names are now coming in at the rate of 2,500,000 a day Fat Contracts.

of beef cattle on hoof and 350,000 pounds of bacon to Indian tribes at the agencies in Dakotah were opened at the Indian Bureau to day. There were 18 bids including two proposing to deliver the supplies at St. Joseph, the latter were rejected as not in accordance with the advertisements. The bids for the cattle ranged from \$3.75 to \$7,92 per 100 pounds, and four bids for bacon at 18c to 25te per pound. Joseph F. Gibbs, of St. Louis, was the lowest bidder for beef, namely: \$8.75 per lisle, Pa , was the lowest bidder for bacon, viz: 18c per pound. Arrested under the Fourteenth

Amendment.
The United States Marshal of Virginia arrested Joseph Arandel, Postmaster at Farmville Station, and brought him to Alexandria to answer the charge of perjury in that he voted for the ordinance of secession and afterwards took the ironclad outh. The case was continued until October, The proceedings are instigated by a man who wanted his office.

NEW YORK.

One Hundred Families Unhoused. New York, Sept 12-A fire at Edgewater, Staten Island, this moraing destraved thirty buildings, and from 75,000 to 100 000 dollars worth of property. Ohe hundred families are rendered house less, and many now are camping in tents. The fire was still burning late this afternoon. No further damage anticipated. The Southern Pacific. The Southern Trans-Continental Rail-

way Company met this afternoon, Gen. Fremont presiding, and adjourned to Thursday, when a permanent organization will be effected. It is reported on the street this afternoon that Francis Skinner & Co., will

pay fifty cents on the dollar.

MAINE.

The Elections—The Badicals a Divided Household.

Lewiston, Me , Sept. 12, Noon.—The vote of Lewiston up to this hour is larger than last year. The Democrats are urging out every vote. The Republicans generally support Perham for Governor and Frye for Congress, but are much divided on State Senator and representatives to the Legislature. The Chamberlain Re- pects of assent. publicans are to a great extent voting for the Democratic candidate for State Sena-

In Auburn the Democrats, Chamberlain Republicans and Labor Reformers generally unite on the candidate and representative opposed to the Republican candi-

county give Perham 2,317, Roberts 2,067. Last year the same towns gave Chamber-lain 2,189, Hitchbarn 481, and Smith Six Republican Representatives, favoring Morrill for United States Senator, and two Democrats are elected. One hundred and ten towns give Perham, Republican, 23,759; Roberts, Demo crat, 18,669; Republican majority, 5,090, ngainst last year-Chamberlain, 23,167; Smith, 15,834; Hitchborn, 2,391. Lynch vor of the Count De Paris. is undoubtedly elected in the first, which was the only doubtful district. city passed off quietly. The Democrats 9th corps, heretofore in Schleswig-Holcarried the city.

KNOXVILLE

Organization of the Supreme Court

-A. O. P. Aicholson Chief-Justice, KSOXVILLE, Sept. 12.—The Supreme Court organized to day with A O. P. Nicholson, of Maury county, Chief-Justice, J. B. Heiskell, of Shelby, Attorney-General and Reporter, and Frank Deaderick, of Knox, Clerk,

MISSISSIPPI.

Negro Desperado Killed-Fatal Accident-Bloody Affray. MEMPHIS, Sept 12-Bully Jack, a notorious negro, was killed in Noxubee

county, Miss., last week. Dr. S. B. Davis, a well known

assaulted in a hotel, at Goodman, Mess, arrested and bailed.

ESTABLISHED MARCH 30, 1835.

NASHVILLE, TENN., TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1870.

NEW SERIES, NO. 636.

Arrest under 14th Amendm't The Prussian Advance on Paris Yesterday's Election in Maine Halts 25 Miles from the City Supreme Court at Knoxville

To Consider Peace Proposals

A.O.P.Nicholson Chief Justice

To Consider Peace Proposals

A.O.P.Nicholson Chief Justice Of Russia, Austria and Italy England Asks 15 Days' Truce Removal to Tours Postpened Russia Dislikes the Republic Our European Relations and Policy A Secret Mission of Thiers Gen. Grant to King William

Washburne and Motley, to the effect that Bismarck Displeased with us Italian Troops Entering Rome two great powers with which we have Plebiscitum for Annexation

FROM FRANCE.

Prussian Repuises at Toul and Montmedy-Meaux Surrounded-Rumor that Russia Insists on an Armistice-Notes from Washington Pagis, Sept. 12 .- The Ministry has just

ade public the following important intelligence: The Prussians attacked Toul Saturday, at 5 o'clock in the morning and persisted until 9 o'clock in As to the belligerents, while we are al- the evening. They were, however, repulsed and many of the batteries dis-

More than 10,000 Prussians were placed hors du combat at Montmedy on Thursday. The garrison splendidly sed the Prussian attack. The Prussians have surrour ded Meaux. They have arrived at Cressy, and are apaching Noise LeGrand

is cheered this morning a rumor that Russia is insisting on an armistice, also that the United States having interposed, and sent three decided dispatches to Berlin. It is said the Prussian advance has been stopped in consequence.

Revival on the Bourse. Parts, Sept 12-Successes at Toul and Montmedy together with the reported halt in the enemy's advance, have led to more activity on the bourse, and considcrable buying on speculative account. and the last reported case was two weeks | Thiers Starts on a Secret Mission The Prussians at Melun,

> Paris, Sept 12-It is officially anneed that Thiers will leave this eveng for London, Vienna and St. Petersarg on a secret mission. The Prussians were at Melun last night.

The reports of an armistice are increasng, and in consequence the diplomatic The Corsairs Scare Marseilles. Marseilles, Sept. 12.—Esquires, hearg that two Corsairs had passed through

the Straits of Gibraltar, has ordered armed preparation to be made here to repel an Twenty thousand volunteers left yesrday for Paris.

The municipal council has unanimously declared that the municipal corporation must participate in the national defense. 100 pounds, and J. W. Baster, of Car. Ovation to Washburne-The Courts Cone to Tours.

Paris, Sept. 12.-Washburne to-day, while on his way to the Central telegraph office to send a dispatche was recognized in front of the building by the crowd. Cheers arose; the crowd increased and the Minister received a most enthusiastic ovation. Washburn was much moved. This evening the employees of the telegraph company and many others assembled in front of the American legation and made another demonstration in honor of the Government of the United States and its representative.

La France says, that while the republic is everywhere welcomed, the delay in the meeting of a constituent assembly causes disatisfaction. The Supreme Tribunals of the laws

have removed to Tours, where they are now in session.

Heavy Skirmish at Chateau Thierry -All Germany Massing on France The Country People against the Republic and for the House of Orleans-Bazaine in a Towering

Paris, Sept. 12, 10 a. M .- Tribune Cae dispatch. -At 1:30 o'clock this morning a heavy skirmish took place between the 8th squadron of French dragoons which garrisoned Chateau Thierry and the Prussian advance guard, which was

More Prussians are to be sent before The Prussians found in the Emperor's desk a detailed statement of the Prussian

forces numbering 1,000,000 men, 1,000 cannon and 100,000 horses. The Gaulois reports that England in the name of the neutral powers asks King Wiliam a fifteen days' armistice. No reply has been received, but there are pros-

A special correspondent to the Tribune at Rheims, 6th, says the King's headquarters were established here yesterday. ud are to remain till the 9th, to give all the troops time to concentrate, including what can be spared from Metz. Seven North G. rman corps, besides two Bavarian and the Wurtemburg corps, are on the road. According to official report six full cavalry divisions and also the main force are expected to reach Paris on the 13th or 14th, when the regiments now coming forward arrive, and the reserves also are to join their regiments. The German army will certainly reach, and probably exceed, four hundred thousand. Inhabitants everywhere reproach the Emperor, but do not fear the Republic. They

The Tribune's special correspondence at Berlin, 9th, says the Duke of Mecklen-Bancon, Sept. 12.—The election in this burg with the 1st and 7th divisions of the stein, and two divisions of reserves and Landwehr, being the army formed at Hamburg in the Palatinate, are on their way to Paris. Here and elsewhere all the line troops and reserve batallions are gone. The guard and garrison service at Modena in favor of the occupation of is performed by Landwehr. The Wur- Rome. temburgs are here and at Lorgany. In Silesia, Landwehr officers absolved from

Bismarck has said that he will have such a tremendous force in France as must crush resistance, and especially pre-vent everywhere the organization of new English to an intervention in the French forces. But for the national clamor for Alsace and Lorraine, it is certain Bismarck would be content with Metz and honor. Strasburg, held as neutral fortresses, was drowned in Bluff Creek. Miss., last | It is reported Bazaine not only refused Emperor at Wilhelmshope. The Prussian capital, expressing the hope was drowned in Dian creak Mass., last capital and the Em- authorities surrounded the Emperor's that there would now be a cessation of peror's and McMahon's army were pris- journey to Wilhelmshope with exquisite war in view of the fact that its aim, the Restaurant to-night between A. C. Fer- a Mr. Cassedy, and a number of Japanese, Last Tuesday night J. S. Bowen was oners, and when the Emperor advised the delicacy of care and provision for the dethronement of Napoleon, had been acsurrender of Metz, but declared in a tow- dignity and feelings of the prisoner. Ad- complished. No sooner had the Minister in which the latter was dangerously shot of the Coroner, gross carelessness of the house Square to-morrow night at 7 assaulted in a nots, at cool man, at the second sec French officer advising a surrender.

to hold themselves ready for eventual

The Attitude of Russia -- Prussia He seems rather to be an honored guest Takes Umbrage at the United

It is believed Russia and Austria have rejected all oversures and will not stir for

ublican France. The Journal de St. Petersburg, semiofficial, tells the French substantially that they had better yield Alsace and so much warmth of America's declaration implies a partial withdrawal of sympathy for Prussia, following so closely after Fish's refusal to protest against the expulsion of

ermans from France. The Baltic blockade is ineffectua essels enter and leave Danzig and Koigsburg freely. The French fleet has great difficulty in getting coal. The expenses enormous. The blockade will probably syon be abandoned. From Strasbourg and the Upper

Khine. The Tribune's special correspondent writing from Carlsruhe 8th, says, at Strasbourg the besieging army is being constantly reinforced; their numbers are nearly 70,000. The sorties by the defenders are desperate but futile. The batteries are rapidly completing and the heaviest gaps placed in pearst, variables heaviest guns placed in neaerst parallels, The French sharpshooters are doing much

The upper Rhine railway, between Basle and Feelburg, has been repeatedly cut. At Sohlengen, passenger trains are fired on and passengers wounded. 800 Germans who had been expelled from France, have reached Carlsruhe. They are working men and compelled to

leave all property behind. They were disgracefully treated while passing through France. Men, women and children de-prived of food and sleep, transported in open cattle cars, drenched and insulted, and arrived here half dead. Rome-A Week Ago.

A correspondent of the Tribune at Rome telegraphs Monday that the troops have crossed the frontier. Gen. Cialdini has addressed a proclamation to the Roman people. There is great enthusiasm and excitement among the troops and The Tribune correspondent at Florence,

7th, says the troops are violently excited and impatient. The Cabinet is reconsidering its resolutions, but the people are bent on going to Rome with or without the government. Palermo, the most reactionary of Italian ities, was illuminated last night on false

reports that troops were crossing the fron-

Ricasoli is still here, Pazza Desau Martino will probably be sent as an envoy to the Pope. All Italy, meantime, is arming all. The first-class troops have been called out-the second-class to follow. Thirty thousand men are to join the standards on the 20th. Four regiments grenadiers passed through this mornto the frontier.

France has recalled all the French solliers under the Papal flag, 2,000 in number. Many towns of the Papal States have already proclaimed a provisional government. The ministry is discordant.

FROM ENGLAND.

The Pope Stripped of his Temporalities, but His Independence Guar-

London, Sep. 12-Advices from Flor ence are to the effect that Italian troops nter Roman territory to-day. Italy's ultimatum substantially strips the Pope of his temporal power. The local authority of the Roman territory, however, remains undisturbed by the Italians, and the Government announces its wish to concur with any power in guarantees for the inlependence of the Pontiff.

The Siege of Paris-The Prussians Halt to Consider a Proposition from Russia and Austria. London, Sept 12.-Special to

Evening Telegraph.-The siege of Paris may now be said to have fairly com-The friendly feeling toward the French Republic is greatly stimulated by Ameri-

ca's recognition. The Prussian forces in detachments form a semi circle around Paris at a distance of about twenty-five miles. In this position the army has been halted at the firm request of the Russian Minister, in order that King William and Count Bis marck may consider a proposition for an armistice emanating from Russia and

Paris remains tranquil, and the inhabitants are firm in the belief that the city can be defended. The roads leading to the city are all closed and no more provisions are going in. What the city now contains must prove sufficient for the mergency. The Prussians will, in a few weeks, march triumphantly through the

streets. Views and Influence of Prussian Liberals.

The announcement of the declaration of the French Republic has wrought a great change in the public sentiment here, regard to the demands for compensa-The movement in France towards free institutions, obtains the sympathy of a powerful Republican party in Prussia, whose influence will be used to modify the claims hitherto asserted for satisfaction and indemnity. A proposition com-prising assurances of the destruction of all fortications on the frontier line, with a guarantee against their being rebuilt, he destruction of the fortifications of Paris, and the war expenses would, without any cession of territory, be accepted y this party as quite sufficient to satisfy German honor, and provide for the main-

enance of the future peace of Europe, The Commotion in Italy. Advices received in this city this morning, dated Orvieto, Sept. 11th, state that the population of the Province of Viterbo have originated an insurrectionary movement of formidable character. Shouts of long live the King of Italy, are heard on all sides. The male population are armed and are formed into guerrilla bands for the purpose of barrassing the Papal zonaves. These latter are entrenched at Viterbo, Monte Fiascore and Valentino, The gendarmes have disarmed the insurare all anxious for peace and mostly in fa- rectionists and the King of Italy has guaranteed the maintenance of order.

Advices received from Florence, dated the 11th of September, state that the entire country is deeply agitated. Italian flags are everywhere displayed, and placards, upon which are inscribed the motto "Long live Victor Emanuel," are visible in the cafes and on the corners of every street.

A large meeting was held last evening A dispatch dated Florence, at midnight last night, states that orders were given

military obligations years ago, are notified | for the royal troops to enter Rome without unnecessary delay.

Non-Intervention Dishonorable—Napoleon Treated Like an Honored Guest. LONDON, Sept. 12-12 M .- The Stand-

and Prussian war, as a duty and a right.

the neglect of which will involve dis-Gens. Donay and Lebrun attend the denote that he is regarded as a prisoner. William by a special messenger.

The Removal to Tours Indefinitely Postponed-The Port Defenses-Naval Preparations.

London, Sept. 12.—The Prussian army has halted twenty-five miles from Paris, at the special request of Bismarck, to consider the Russo-Austrian proposition for an armistice. Dispatches from Paris state that the departure of certain members of the State government for Tours has been indefinitely postponed. The Gaulois also states that the diplomatic body postponed their departure.

Orders have been issued by the govern-

ment at Paris for the fortification of Havre, Marseilles, Dunkirk and other ports. The quotas of men of the large French war steamers are to be filled to the utmost, and the vessels held ready to weigh anchor at a moment's notice. Telegrams from the seat of war in the papers here to-day are a perfect chaos of wild and contradictory statements.

The reports forwarded to New York have been in the main correct. The Telegraphic Bureau in Paris has begun to reuse to receive private telegrams for Garabaldi is expected at Paris.

The Times says France has been cured of military dictators. A Paris correspondent of the Times says the stubborn defense of Paris is certain if the city i to be sieged. The idea that the Prussians will walk in without difficulty is entirely a mistaken one. Rome to Have a Plebiscitum, ur

der Italian Bayonets. LONDON, Sept. 12.—An outbreak is re-ported in the Province of Viterbo. The people surrounded the Papal Zouaves in their entrenchments at Viterbo, Monte Fiascore and Valentino, and threatened te attack them. Order was restored in the name of the King of Italy. The Daily Telegraph has a special disoatch, stating that arrangements for the

ccupation of the Papal territory have een agreed to. A plebiscitum is to be taken by which the inhabitants are to decide for the Pope or King as the civil ruler-the decision to be binding on both. Meantime Italian troops will hold Roman territory until the voting is over, and if the result be adverse to the King they will be withdrawn.

Papal towns are sending petitions to the Italian government for protection. Naples urges the King not to hesitate to make Rome the capital of the nation. The Official Journal at Florence justifies the occupation of the patrimony of St. Peter's, by maintaining that it is as necessary for the Pope as for Italy. The Journal hopes the Pontiff will accept the guardianship of the Italian government.

French Ironclads Going Southwest London, Sept. 12 .- Six French ironlads were seen off the Goodwins this norning. Their course was southwest. Prussian Peace Agents-The Sink

London, Sept. 12.-Agents arrived here

from Berlin who, it is anticipated, are seeking peace. A Prussian loan is on the Her Majesty's ship, Inconstant, brings news of the loss of the Captain. She reports that the Captain, before sailing, narowly escaped destruction by fire. The heavy guns got loosened from its fasten-

rolling of the ship, and suddenly swinging around, struck a gunner, killing him in-The Shipping Gazette demands a strict nvestigation. The public should know now one of the staunchest vessels afloat oundered in weather a collier might have

Affairs at Tientsin-Another Atlan-tic Cable. London, Sept. 12.—At last advices from China, affairs at Tientsin were unsatisfacory. The Chinese were violent in their conduct, and were concentrating their

troops there. A project for laying another telegraph cable to America is announced. 200,000 Defenders of Paris-Mc-

Mahon will Vindicate His Cam-LONDON, Sept. 12.—Cable Special to the Herald.—A correspondent writes from Paris on the 10th inst.: Paris is quiet, there is great activity in preparations for the defense. The National Guards occupy the ramparts and the forts are fully manned. The arming of the populace is going on rapidly and all are being drilled. One thousand Turcos have been sent to join 4,000 regulars now obstructing the Prussian advance. All the bridges around

Paris were blown up.

It is ascertained that McMahon wished to retreat to Paris, but was prevented by Palikao's orders. He will justify himself to the public when he recovers from his wounds. Several of the Garde Mobile, belonging

to wealthy families, have disappeared. These deserters have been denounced before the military tribunals. Gen. Trochu has called on them to return to their posts or take the consequences.

Two hundred thousand Guarde Mobile are in Paris. The state of the streets is fearful. The Tuilleries' gardens are occupied by artiflery. Four Generals, one Colonel and five Commandants have been sent to a Ger-

man fortress for refusing to sign the capitulation at Sedan. Among the new appointments are two young men employed on journals at 300 francs and 200 francs per month, who have been named Prefects. Political meetings are announced for

next week, to bring forward candidates fer a new Assembly. Garadine goes to the provinces to stimulate resistance.

FROM PRUSSIA.

The War not Auti-Catholic Berlin, Sept. 12 -M. De Ledachowski, Archbishop of Silesia and Posen, has ssued a circular denying that the war on the part of Prussia is in any way anti-Catholic. The Germania, of the Prussian Ex-

returned. Offical Report of Sedan-The Explo sion at Laon. Beslin, Sept. 12.—The official report

ploring Expedition for the North Pole has

f the capitulation of Sedan, states that the total number of prisoners taken was 122,000. The crowd of wounded has been reduced since the reopening of the railways, and all the dead in the fields around the city buried. The following dispatch from the King

the Queen has been received, dated 10 'clock, Sunday night: The citadel of Laon exploded after the irrender, just as the prisoners were preparing to enter. 350 were killed, includng 200 of the Guard Mobile. Many were shockingly mutilated. William of Mechenburg, was wounded. There must have been freason.

FROM AUSTRIA.

What Grant Says to King William Prague, Sept. 12.-A Berlin telegran the Politique, of this city, says a great ensation was created by a dispatch from the American Government to its Envoy at

FROM BELGIUM.

Peacemakers-England with Them.

Brussers, Sept. 12, 4 r. m.—Italy, Austria and Russia are agreed in princi-ple and have authorized Russia to ask Prussla for an armistice. A dispatch to that effect was sent by telegraph to Berfin. No answer has yet been received. Lord Lyons, who heretofore acted as in-termediary between France and Prussia, has resigned the task in favor of Olasaga, the Spanish Minister.

Eugenie Incognito Empress Eugenie while on her way to England remained concealed three days in in environs of this city. Numbers of French wounded arrive.

FROM SPAIN. Lots of Sympathy. Madrid, Sept 12-Demonstrations of sympathy with the French Republic coninue in the Northern Provinces. The Republicans in this city have signed an

address demanding a convocation of the

SECESSION. To the Editors of the Union and American:

The resolutions published condemnia ecession and acknowledging revolution as a rightful remedy for an oppressed peo-ple ought not to be adopted by the State Convention. It will be regarded as condemning the principles upon which the ate civil war was fought, and as intended to establish a political platform which excludes from office all those who were with the South.

The Legislature of Tennessee submitted the question to the people of the State on the vote of separation or no separation, to avoid all collision of opinion as to wheth er the remedy was to be called "secession" or "revolution." Each man fought it out on his own convictions and principles. Secession was regarded as separation and separation was regarded as involving a secession and cate. ooth did involve in fact a resort to revolutionary resistance to the United States. The people of the United States declared that the whole Confederate army,

Whigs and Democrats, Revolutionists and Secessionists, had incurred the penalties of treason. They were all called "Secessionists," and were all disfranchised alike. Since the termination of the war all together have labored to restore the equality of the States; to remove disfranchisements; to reduce and equalize taxation; and with them a large number of ci-izens who sided with the United States during the war have co-

sion or a revolutionary party in any State. Since the surrender of the Confederate armies years have passed away, yet no effort of the most insignificant character has been made to organize any party for any such purpose. This is as well known now at the North and in Europe as it is in the South. The day for successful falsehood, by the minions of power and taxation, has gone by. Secession as well as revolution have ceased to be practical

Secession and revolution may not again Fine factory jeans, John Peden & Son, occur in the United States in a century. of Kentucky; Lebanon Woolen Mills, This doctrine originated in New England, | certificate; Gallatin Eagle Mills, premium. fire made considerable progress before dis- in eighteen hundred and twelve, (1812) covered. It was extinguished with great and may arise a century hence in the Palifficulty. During the gale one of her cific States. It is and must be, the abiding wish of all the friends of mankind ings in consequence of the tremendous that no reason may exist in the long lapse of centuries, for calling into existence Wilson, premium; Miss Laura Gass, cerany of the latent rights of men. Why, then, shall we keep up a perpetual controversy about issues of the past, which have no practical application to the present condition of things? It is madness to do so. If the State Convention condemned the cause in which more than a hundred thousasperate and alienate thousands of good and wore their honors gracefully.

and peaceable citizens; it will be regarded as a political movement to exclude all of a most magnificent spread bornet, for those who fought for the South; the best horseman of a gentleman. Four unless they falsify their own principles. It will go far to forfeit that character for nate victor being S. O. Cantrell, who bore South has heretofore had credit for, and or some one else equally beautiful. will accomplish nothing worthy of a great | There were present about six hundred strongest assurances against the use of is the word among all the people. we look for relief steadfastly and confidently to the great Democratic Party of The exhibition t

the United States headed by New York with her eighty thousand majority. On the other hand, the State Convention should not adopt the resolutions approving secession or revolution, because it is unnecessary, uncalled for and against the objects, intentions and wishes of the whole people. It would be equivalent to declaring that no honors of office, or no emoluments of office should be dealt out by the people of Tennessee to any person United States who sided with the

United States during the late war.

It will exasperate a large body of valu

able and honest ditizens who are now faithfully co-operating with the people in the restoration of self-government, the re-establishment of the equality of all the States, and reduction and equalization of taxes. We owe these people a debt of gratitude which ought not to be forgotten. A resolution of the State Convention approving or condemning the grounds on which the late civil war was fought, will be regarded as erecting a platform for certain classes of citizens to stand upon to the exclusion of others. It is impolitic and unjust. There never was a time in the history of Tennessee when there was a greater necessity for harmony than now. There never was a time when a larger toleration of differences of opinion should be allowed and all minor questions waived. Upon what possible ground can it be justifiable to introduce debatable questions of the past, when it is positively certain that differences of opinion exist, and when, in the great and leading object of the Convention, every member of the body can harmonize? Why throw an explosive shell in such an assembly? Let the Convention erect no stupendous fabric of a platform-work out no abstruse roblems of government. Let that body declare itself in full accord with the Democratic party of the United States and opposed to the Republican party. Let it adjourn.

MEMPHIS.

Strange Assault Negro Waylaid by Another-Row in a Restau-rant. Мименів, Sept. 12.—Frank Glassmeyer. engineer at the jail, while standing on the corner of Main and Jackson streets last night, was struck with a brick by an unknown person, from the effects of which he died during the night. The deceased was formerly of Reading, Pa. A negro named James Jones was way-

shot-gun, killing him instantly. Robinon was arrested. a beefsteak.

GALLATIN FAIR.

Monday, First Day. The following is a list of entries: Fine Jeans, Mrs John Stringer, of Robrtson; Mrs Tom Stringer, do; Mrs Alex Barnes, certificate; Mrs. Lucinda Sud-

Plain Linsey-Mrs John Stringer, of Robertson, premium; Mrs Alex Barnes, White Flannel, Mrs John Stringer, of

Robertson, premium; Mrs Alex Barnes. All Wool Flannel, Mrs John Stringer, m; Mrs Tom Stringer, certificate; Read, Mrs Amanda Carroli, of

Wool Half Hose, Mrs Tom Stringer, of Robertson, certificate; Mrs John Stringer, Coverlet, Mrs N J Howell, premius Mrs R N Miers, certificate, Wool Carpet, Mrs J A Meritt, premiu

Wool Hose, Mrs Tom Stringer, of

Mrs R G Miller, certificate: Mrs Howard Stone, Mrs Nellie Franklin. Rag Carpet, Mrs John Steiger, of Re bertson, premium; Miss C Harper, certifi

Cotton Patch-work Quilt, Mrs Towson, premium (three entries); Miss Lizzie Lowry, certificate. Wool Patch-work Quilt, Mrs E T Bush, premium; Mrs I N Guthrie, certificate; Mrs Lizzie B Onion, of Wilson.

cate; Mrs Dr W:: Walker, Mrs S E Lackey, Mrs H Crutcher. Silk Comfort, Mrs Betty Prince, Mrs John W Franklin, Miss Mollie Dodd, Mrs J A Mentto. Bed-spread, Mrs Mal Brown.

White Counterpane, Mrs Lucy Douglass, premium; Mrs Amanda Connell, of Wil son, certificate. Mrs Elizabeth Stratton, Mrs W H Bennett, Mrs R G Menefie. Homemade Carpet. Mrs Jennie Stringer, premium; Mrs John Stringer, certifi-Machine Made Shirt, Mrs R G Gillespie

premium; Mrs M J Harrell, certificate; Mrs John Stringer, of Robertson. Collar Embroidery. Miss Sue Alexander, of Trousdale, premium; Miss Jonnie Richardson, of Haywood, certificate; Mrs Gertrude Cage, Miss Mollie Gardner, Mrs Polk Brown.

Wool Embroidery, Mrs E M Hunt, pre mium; Van Allen, of S.nith, certificate; Miss Fannie Head. Silk Embroidery, Mrs E M Hunt, prenium. Miss Kate Essex, certificate; Miss Laura Goss, Mrs Van Allen, of Smith. Coat made by lady, Mrs Tom Stringer, of Robertson, pren Pants by lady, Mrs Tom Stringer, of

Robertson, prem Vest by lady, Mrs Tom Stringer, of Factory made jeans, John Peden & Son, of Kentucky, premium; Gallatin Engle Mills, certificate.

Coarse Factory jeans, Eagle Mills, Gal-latin, premium; John Peden & Son, of Kentucky, certificate. Plain factory linsey, John Peden & Son, of Kentucky, premium; Gallatin Eagle

Boquet, Mrs A P Griffith, of Kentucky, Bangup, Mrs A Barnes, premium. Bed spread, Mrs Mal Brown, premium. Rustic work, Miss E J Freeman, of Confederate orpan in the State.

There were five entries for the premium of a fine outfit of a boy's saddle bridle, etc., and after a closely contested trial made by the five boys under fourteen years, the prize was won by Master Alva-Summers, and a certificate awarded to and (100,000) of our men fell, it will ex- Master Bright Gillespie. The boys won

The next and last was for a premi

entries made a spirited contest, the fortumanly frankness and sincerity which the off the prize to present to his lady love, people. Our Northern friends do not ex- persons to witness this opening, all manipect us to dishonor the standard under festing great interest in all the proceedings which we risked everything valuable to of the day, and none can fail to regard it men by a deliberate condemnation of our opinions in regard to past transactions, provision made for eatables was in keep-

All they ought to expect of us or will ex- ing with the known reputation of old pect of us is that we give to them and to Summer for hospitality and bounty. The the people of the United States, the grounds are in fine condition, and success strongest assurances against the use of is the word among all the people.

Our thanks are due to the officers of the unqualified obediences to all laws enacted fair and many friends for courtesies and a week of fine sport.

Race to-day, mile heats, Produce stake. by the constituted authorities, and that favors extended to the Union and Ameri-

> The exhibition to-day will embrace agricultural implements, mechanical department, dairy, pantry vintage, cereals, garden and orchard articles. Those visiting the town will not fail to e pleased at that most excellent hotel,

the Towson House, kept in first-class order, and we commend it to all.

ALLENTOWN. Serious Railroad Accident. ALLENTOWN, PA., Sept. 12 .- A terrible accident occurred to the train due here on the Lebigh and Susquehanna Railroad at 2.45. It had left Catasaqua but a few minutes when it ran over a cow. The rear car was thrown over an embankment. and a number of passengers, mostly Philadelphians, were seriously injured. One lady had her whole upper lip cut off; another had her head severely cut. S. P. Coughlin, of Florence Heights, N. J., was dangerously injured, and Mr. Jamison, of Philadelphia, had his forehead cut. B. F. Barge, of Maunchunk, was injured in the head. Several other gentlemen received slight injuries.

MEXICO.

A Medley. HAVANA, Sept. 12 .- Mexican advices o Sept. 5 have been received. The resignation of Lerdo T. Ejaca was not accept ed. Martinez was routed in Tamanlupas. Insurrection continues in Chippas. Troops have been sent to Guerrero, where the government refused to surrender the office has been vastly improved since its close

SOUTH AMERICA.

to the successor.

listic and Commercial. New York, Sept. 12.-The South American news by to-days steamer is unimpor-tant. Chili has inaugurated the new min-istry and given up further prosecution of ments to the hundreds that will be in at posed to the Republican party. Low I leady and great ap trained processor and nominate a candidate for Governor and adjourn.

A CITIZEN. the Araucanian war, having expended since 1861 two million dollars in the attempt to conquer those Indians.

The Araucanian war, having expended tendance. It is the intention of the managers to spare neither pains nor expense in making the institution and keep-

> for a submarine telegraph to Brazil to be completed in eighteen months.
>
> The Republic of Salvador has just concluded a commercial treaty with Prussia. JAPAN.

Explosion of Steamers-A Mission

The Argentine Republic has contracted

ary and Others Killed, San Francisco, Sept. 12.-Yokohome advices of Aug. 22, state that intelligence of the European war is detrimental to laid in Chelsea last night by another business. The silk market is lifeless. named Bailey Robinson and shot with a The Parliament is still in session. The steamer City of Yeddo exploded her hoiler on Aug. 1, killing Rev. Edward | sor

A shooting affray occurred at Gaston's Carnes, E. D. Carnes, Mary Simmons and earnest attention. guson and Deputy Sheriff John M. Frame, and injuring many others. The verdict were killed and fifteen or twenty wounded. as candidates for Mayor.

THE ORPHANS.

Report of the Agent of the Tennessee Confederate Orphans' Home. The public has been so generous and munificent in their support of the Tennessee Confederate orphaus that I deem it meet and proper to present what information I have on the condition of the "Home," I was chosen agent on the 1st of February, 1870, and, determined at once to adopt the plan of giving concerts instead of appealing alone to individual subscriptions in raising funds for the institution, and with what success let the following facts attest: From sixteen concerts, given in seven months, there was realized the net sum of \$4,267.70, as will

more fully appear from the subjoined statement of the Tressurer: Statement of account in settlement between A. G. Morrow, agent, and the Treasurer of the Tennessee Orphan Asylum, for seven months, beginning on the 1st day of February, 1870, and ending on

the 1st day of September, 1870: Receipts in cash, provisions and cloth-ng, \$5,142.70. Due Mr. Morrow, ac-cording to the contract, his salary for even months at \$125 per month, and his expenses, his salary would amount to \$875. Paid Mr. Morrow to date \$875; Mr. Morrow donating his expenses for the time mentioned (seven months). Net proceeds to Asylum, \$4,267.70. The above settlement has been made in full by order of the President and accord-

Silk Patch-work Quilt, Mrs M C Black-Mrs. A. G. MUNFORD, Treas, man, premium; Mrs J F Jozner, certifi-Clarksville, Sept. 1, 1870. The funds have not been idly or wasteally employed, as will appear from the

sident's annual report, in May last, The institution has been conducted. during the closing year, judiciously and economically. That a family, numbering about seventy-five souls, should have been comfortably maintained, including food, clothing and the salaries of all employees with medical attention, and adequate secular and religious instruction, at an average cost of \$138.51 per each individual is of itself a sufficient testimony to the practical wisdom with which the asylum has been administered.

The expenses from May 1, 1869, to May 1870, were \$8,310.60. This year the expenses will be greater, owing to the following causes, viz: The institution was visited by measles

whooping-cough, and finally and recently by typhoid fever. Yet, notwithstanding there were as many as eighteen little sufferers at one time, so constant, tender and skillful was the attention by the phy-sicians and nurses that there has not been a solitary death, and even now there are but two sick and neither seriously. Two weeks ago, during vacation, school room which was used alone for storing the farming utensils and school

furciture, was burned. The cause of the

fire could never be ascertained. The sixteen concerts, which were given in seven months, could have been given in two with assistance from all the auxiliary societies. I propose to give concerts throughout the State, and earnestly entreat aid of all auxiliary societies, and where there are none that the same may be organized, and that they secure all the amateur talent in their power for these entertainments, and notity me at Nashville, or Mr. A. G. Munford, Secretary and Treasurer at Clarksville, of the same whenever ready

A. G. Monnow, Agent. Papers friendly to the cause are request ed to copy the above.

While we give these entertainments for th

Home we propose to take every destitute

BAMAGE SUITS. Messrs. Woodward and Vaughn, pub ishers of the Sweetwater Enterprise were sued yesterday by Col. Baxter for \$50,000 damages, on account of publish ing a speech purporting to have been de livered by Gen. Joseph A. Mabry before the Chancery Court of Knox county.

ville Banner and Union AND AMERICAN for a similar amount for publishing the same alleged speech. The Press and Herald and Whig and Register have each been sued for \$50, 000 damages for the same publication.

We also learn that suits have been con

menced against the publishers of the Nash

Knozville Chronicle, Sept. 11.

THE TURE. The Fall Meeting at Lexington, Ky LOUISVILLE, Sept. 12.—The regular fa neeting commenced over the Association Course to-day. The stables are well filled for three year olds, twenty-two entries only five starting: Harper's b c Littleton. Swigert's b f Annette. Villey's b f Twinkle. Vaughn & Lisle's ch c.

Time-1:451-1:451 CHICAGO.

Rumored Tendency of the English Mission. CHICAGO, Sept. 12 .- A special from Washington to the Chicago Evening Post says it is ascertained from official sources that the President has tendered the English mission to a gentleman re siding in the West, who is better known for his literary attainments and scholarly accomplishments than as an active politi cian. It is not known however, whether he will accept or not, but the presumption

LOUISIANA.

The Democracy and the Negro. NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 12.—The Demo eratic State Convention met to-day, ex-Gov. Wodford acting President. Committee on Credentials reported in fa vor of their admission on the same footing with the whites, which will probably be adopted to-morrow by an overwhelm ing majority. SKATING BINK. Re-opening.
The Skating Rink will re-open at the New Theater on the 15th inst. The rink

during the summer months. The walls and gallery facings have been repainted and papered. One of the smooths most elegant pine flooring ever laid in Nashville has been put down, and addition al comforts for visitors and spectators have

ing it all that it should be. Shortly after the opening, we learn that a grand carni val will be given for the delectation of our citizens and the skatists. Fourth Ward Meeting. The citizens of the fourth ward held neeting at Craig's stable on North Cherry street last night for the purpose of nomi-nating candidates for Alderman and Coun-cilmen from that ward. The following

gentlemen were nominated:

James Pentecost.

For Alderman-R. S. Patterson

been provided. The rink will be opene

Mayor Morris and Col . Beech, candi dates for Mayor, addressed the crowd at some length, and were listened to with Meeting To-morrow Night. There will be a meeting at the Marke

For Councilmen-Joseph Creighton and

1870.

SPRING

OPENING

WE PRESENT TO OUR PATRONS AND THE

SPRING OPENING

FOR 1870.

now complete in every department of the trade. Our Goods will be found most elegant and superb, unexcelled and unrivalled in excellence, embracing Foreign and Domestic Fabrics of the Choicest and test designs, being mostly hand made and warranted in every instance to give entire satisfaction. We earnestly invite the attention of all who desire good goods, which are manufactured with a specia. view to first-class retail trade.

Spring Over Coats.

Glengary Spring Over Coats.

Melton Spring Over Coats.

Plaid Cheviot Suits.

French Plaid Suits.

French Piqua Suits. Granite Cassimere Suits.

French Silk Mix Suits. Light Color Cassimere Suits.

Plain English Melton Suits.

Elegant Street Coats in all col-

D. B. Opera Coats.

Late Style in Plaid Pants, dark and light color.

Fine Black Cloth Frock Coats. Fine Black Doeskin Pants

Fine Black Silk Vests. Youths' Cassimere Suits.

Boys' Suits for spring and sum

Youths' Dress Suits.

Childrens' Fancy Suits.

GENTS'

Balbriggan Half Hose.

English Half Hose. Lisle Thread Half Hose.

Silk Undershirts and Drawers

Lisle Thread Undershirts. Merino and India Gauze Under-

Linen and Jeans Drawers.

Patent Pantaloon Drawers.

The Russian Brace.

Laporte Kid Gloves. True-fit Shirts.

Full-bosom Shirts. All new Styles in Paper ollars.

Linen Collars and Cuffs.

Sole Leather Trunks. Walking Canes.

French Traveling Bags. Ladies' Trunks.

Fine Hats